Student Activities







should they use credit?

directions

For each of the following situations, circle **YES**, **NO**, or **DEPENDS** to indicate your opinion on whether these people should use credit. Also, give reasons for your response.

1. Marge, age 18, plans to buy a car on credit so that she is able to drive to school.

YES	NO	DEPENDS
2. Fran and Bud recently too	k out a loan for a new roof.	
YES	NO	DEPENDS
0 0 ·	1 1	oks for his new semester of classes.
YES	NO	DEPENDS
4. Marcia, age 28, charges all YES	her groceries on her credit card. NO	DEPENDS
5 Sandy and Carla are 24 a	nd 27, are planning on buying a b	post on credit for use during
	ind 27, are plaining on buying a t	

summers. Carla will be the main signer for the loan, with Sandy being the co-signer. YES NO DEPENDS



test your credit knowledge

The following questions are designed to help you remember the credit information just covered in class.

directions

In the spaces provided, answer each of the following questions about credit:

List five things you can do to build a credit history.

1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		

When a prospective creditor evaluates a credit application, they look for the three Cs: Character, Capital, and Capacity. For each of the following statements, write the letter that corresponds to each statement's specific characteristic.

a) Character	b) Capital	c) Capacity
Do you have a savings	account?	
Have you used credit before?		
——How long have you lived at your present address?		
Do you have a steady	job?	
Do you pay your bills	on time?	
What are your current	t debts and your curre	ent living expenses?
	— Have you used credit — How long have you live — Do you have a steady — Do you pay your bills	Do you have a savings account? Have you used credit before?

List four things you can do to build a credit history.

12.

- 13.
- 14.
- 15.

in the space provided, write the letter of the type of credit each statement represents.				
a) Single	e payment credit	b) Installment credit	c) Revolving credit	
16	Monthly paymer	nt on a car loan		
17	Monthly telepho	one bill		
18	Monthly heating	; bill		
19	——Using a credit ca charge off over	<i>,</i>	a department store and then paying the	
20. —	——Using a major credit card to buy a pair of shoes and then paying the total amount of the credit card balance within a month			
F in the	space provided if the	statement is false.	pace provided if the statement is true, and	
21.	It is legal for a ci	reditor to deny an applicant	credit based on marital status or age.	
22.	If you are denied	credit, the creditor is not le	gally obligated to explain why.	
23.		evaluate your income, they c stance in the same manner a	an't legally refuse to consider income as other income.	
24. 	•		eport, upon request from you, the lender credit bureau that issued the report.	
25.	Your credit repo	t is available to anyone, rega	rdless of the reason.	
26.	A debt collector	has the right to contact you	at any time of day or night.	
27	To be within a sa after subtracting		it should not exceed 20% of your net pay	

28. What should you do if you find there is inaccurate information on your credit report?

29. Generally, how long can a consumer reporting agency report unfavorable information?

30. How long can bankruptcy information be reported by a consumer reporting agency?



how much can they safely carry?

Most people can afford a certain amount of credit and stay within a safe budget. This amount is called a "safe debt load." The following exercises will give you practice determining safe debt loads based on various incomes and fixed expenses.

directions

Read each of the following scenarios and determine the largest amount of debt each person can safely carry. Write your answers in the blanks provided. Use the space below each question to show how you arrived at each answer.

1. David has a monthly net income of \$1,360. His fixed monthly expenses consist of a rent payment of \$450. He is paying off a student loan of \$116 per month.

David would like to buy a new television set using a credit card. What is the largest monthly payment David can afford for the television set so that his credit card payments and student loan keep him within a safe debt load of 20%?

2. Marsha and Michael have a combined monthly net income of \$3,500. Their fixed monthly expenses consist of \$675 for rent. They also have an outstanding student loan balance of \$6,000 and a balance of \$1,000 for the stereo they bought last month.

How much more debt can they take on and still be within a safe debt load?

3. Juanita has a monthly net income of \$2,500. Her fixed monthly expenses consist of \$500 for rent. She also pays a car insurance premium of \$68 and a car payment of \$167. Are these payments within Juanita's safe debt load?



lesson seven quiz: credit

true-false

- **1.** _____ A disadvantage of using credit is impulse buying.
- **2.** ____ Capital refers to a person's assets.
- **3.** _____ A steady employment record helps a person's credit history.
- **4.** _____ Installment credit usually allows a person to make additional purchases on an account.
- **5.** _____ Using the 20-10 rule, a person making \$40,000 a year after taxes should have no more than \$8,000 of outstanding debt.

multiple choice

6	A common advantage of using credit is:		C. use an ATM several times a month
	A. less impulse buying		D. request to view her or his credit file
	B. lower cost for items purchased	0	TT::!:/
	C. ability to obtain needed items now	9	Utility companies and medical service organizations commonly offer credit.
	D. lower chance of overspending		A. revolving
7	A person's regular income is		B. single-payment
	referred to as:		C. installment
	A. character		
	B. capital		D. retail
	C. collateral	10	Using the 20-10 rule, a person earning \$1,500 a month should not have
	D. capacity		monthly credit payments that exceed:
8	To build a credit history, a		A. \$300
	person could:		B. \$150
	A. establish a steady employment record		C. \$20
	B. file his or her federal income taxes on time		D. \$30

case application

Ana Gonzalez is considering a loan to finance her college education. She currently owes money on several charge accounts and credit cards. What actions would you recommend?